# History of the BARONE family

### Italians in Marseilles

Our father always told us that his parents had left with Procida's family to join family in America, in Brooklyn, but that his mother had fallen ill and that they had been forced to disembark in Marseilles where they had settled.

Why? How? Mystery!

We weren't very curious and never asked him these questions. Perhaps he did not know it himself!



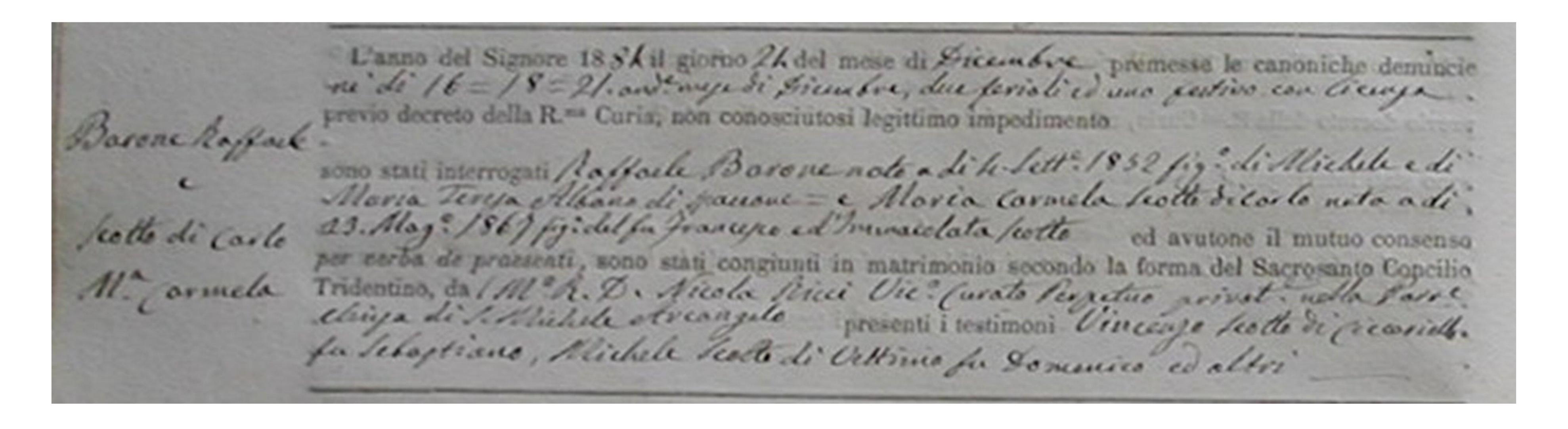
The name of our grandmother was Maria Carmela Scotto di Carlo. Di Carlo? A noble name? We might have cousins in America!

Then at the end of March 2004 our father died and the night of his funeral, it was a Friday, I searched on internet with these keywords: Barone Procida and there miracle: the first answer sends me to a site called The great family of Procida and extraordinary coincidence the next day this association was in Marseilles for genealogical days at the Maison de la Corse, it was April 3, 2004:



② La Grande Famille de Procida & Ischia [ www.procida-family.com | www.ischia-family.com ]

Of course we went, in a few clicks Pascal found us the marriage certificate of our grandparents in 1884!



We joined immediately this association!

## I told the story of our family on our site, here:



### LA GRANDE FAMILLE DE PROCIDA & ISCHIA





#### René BARONE

Membre Bienfaiteur Nº 040060 renebarone@yahoo.fr

Je suis né le 30 janvier 1945 à Marseille, fils de François BARONE (1907-2004) et de Maria Lucie MACERA (1914-2005).

Mes grands parents, **Raffaele BARONE** et **Maria Carmela SCOTTO DI CARLO**, sont nés à Procida. Ils ont quitté leur île pour New-York vers 1890, mais ma grand-mère est tombée malade pendant le voyage et ils ont débarqué à Marseille où ils se sont installés.

 Raffaele BARONE est le fils de Michele Vincenzo BARONE et de Maria Teresa ALBANO DI SPACCONE. Un article sur la famille ALBANO DI SPACCONE a été publié en 2004 sur le site Web de l'Association et dans le journal local de Procida [Article].

Ma mère **Maria Lucie MACERA** est la fille de **Nicolas MACERA** et de **Marie Pauline NOARO**. Les MACERA sont originaires de Formia (Italie), les recherches là-bas sont en cours. Les NOARO sont de Hyères.

Concernant mes ancêtres originaires de Procida voici les mariages que j'ai pu recueillir grâce à l'Association :

where I wrote in July 2004: "Did our grandmother disembark because she was pregnant with our father?"

We did not know in what year they arrived in Marseille.

We knew that our father had had an older sister.

#### and there (cousinship with Annie-Claire Papadopoulo):

10/2004

07/2004

Ils sont cousins: Monique MAZELLA DI CIARAMMA, Annie-Claire & René [Famille CATTIGLIOTTA, Procida]

Ils sont cousins : Annie-Claire SCHERLE-PAPADOPOULO & René BARONE [Famille ALBANO DI SPACCONE, Procida]

Monique MAZELLA DI CIARAMMA Annie-Claire PAPADOPOULO René BARONE

Vous aussi, n'hésitez pas à nous faire parvenir vos récits, vos recherches ou vos témoignages, afin de continuer à enrichir notre site Web. Pour cela, il vous suffit d'écrire à <u>info@procida-family.com</u>.



René BARONE

#### René nous explique comment il a retrouvé ses racines...

Dans notre famille, nous avons toujours été fascinés par l'histoire que nous racontait notre père concernant nos origines. Nos grandsparents, que nous n'avons jamais connus (ils sont décédés en 1927 et 1936), avaient quitté Procida, avec d'autres membres de leurs familles, pour les Amériques. Au cour du voyage notre grand-mère, Maria Carmela Scotto di Carlo, est tombée malade. Était-elle enceinte de notre père ? Ils ont donc débarqué à Marseille où ils ont ensuite trouvé du travail et se sont installés.



Le reste de la famille s'est installé à Brooklyn, New York et ils ont continué à écrire à nos grands-parents. Malheureusement lors du bombardement de Marseille, en 1944, les lettres que gardait mon père ont été détruites, coupant tous liens possibles avec nos cousins.

Originaires de Procida, nous aurions aimé mieux connaître nos racines et notre histoire, mais pour cela il aurait fallu aller sur cette petite île, consulter des archives alors que nous ne parlons pas italien, aussi cela restait un vague souhait. J'avais déjà tenté de faire quelques recherches, mais sans grand succès... Certes j'avais vu qu'il y avait là-bas des *Barone* et des *Scotto di Carlo*. Mais il devait y en avoir beaucoup! Je n'avais pas insisté.

Le temps a passé puis mon père est décédé en mars de cette année. Le soir de son enterrement j'ai interrogé Internet avec ces mots clés : "Barone Procida" et là, miracle ! Je découvre un site : "La Grande Famille de Procida". Une courte recherche sur Raffaele Barone et Maria Carmela Scotto di Carlo me renvoie à l'acte de mariage de mes grands-parents que je n'ai jamais connus et dont je n'ai que deux photos. Et nouvelle coïncidence, le lendemain se tenaient à Marseille des journées de généalogie où était présent Pascal Scotto di Vettimo, le président de l'association "La Grande Famille de Procida". Nous avons adhéré à l'association et en quelques semaines nous avons pu retrouver une grande partie de nos ancêtres, et par la même occasion trouver une lointaine cousine!

## The only two photos of our grandparents: Raffaele BARONE and Maria Carmela SCOTTO DI CARLO

Here with our father and his sister





### Research in Procida found the birth of a daughter Maria Teresa born in 1885 and died in 1887

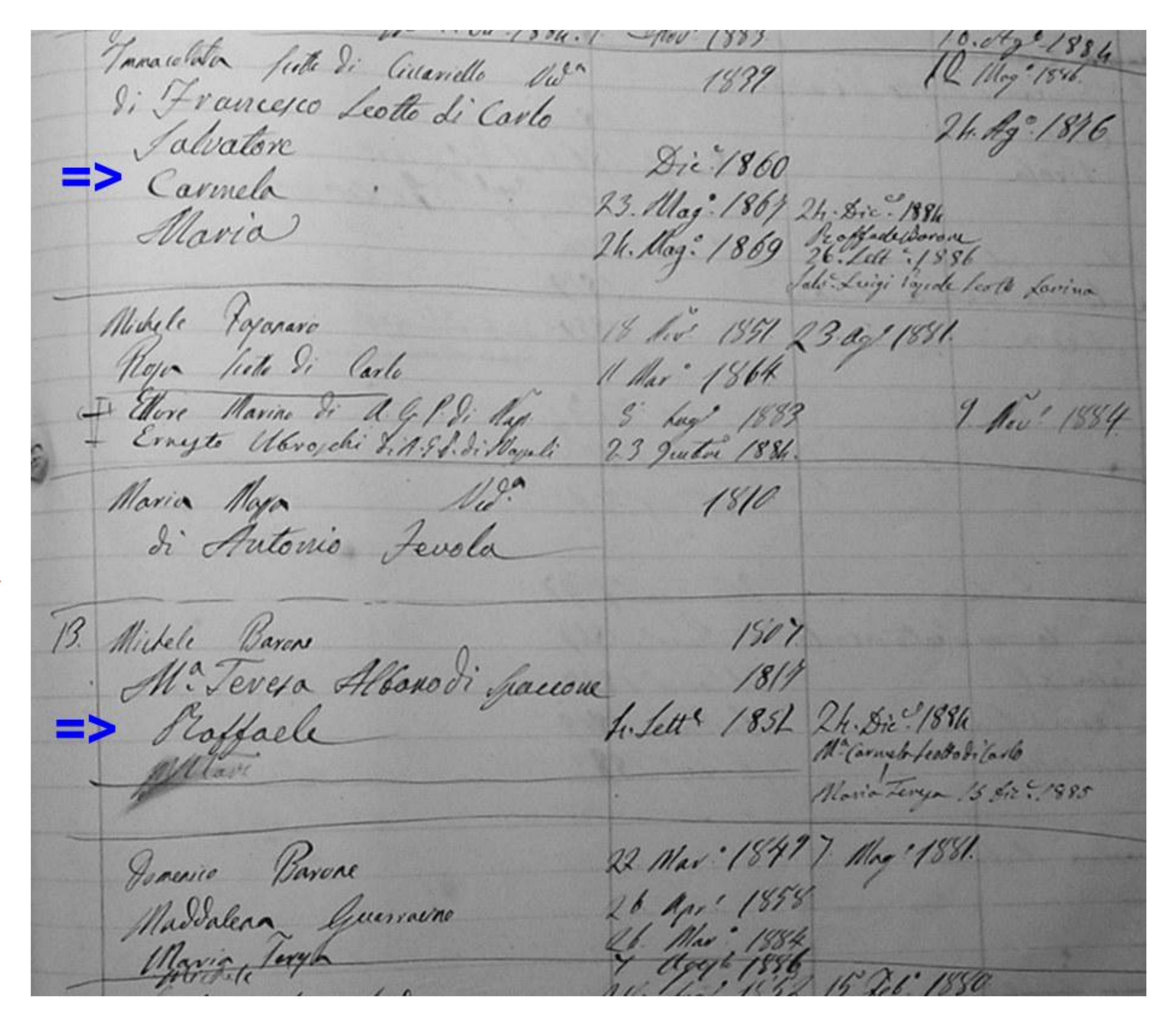
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Raffaele was born in 1852, Maria Carmela in 1867, they were married in 1884 she was 17 when she married and he was 32.

Census of 1883:
they were
neighbors, he
lived at 13 via
Cavour and she at
11 or 12.

He was 15 when she was born, he must have watched her grow up, and then be in love with her ...



#### During a visit to Procida, Pascal sent us a photo of 13 via Cavour:



Of course in 1885 the house must have had another aspect!

#### This was our first visit during the 1st General Assembly in 2005



We told the neighbor that our grandparents lived there at number 13

When we returned in 2007: Surprise it was no longer number 13 but number 11!

Number 13 was further down the street!!!

#### We have their presence in the 1889 census:

#### 1889

En 1889, on retrouve Raffaele BARONE et Maria Carmela SCOTTO DI CARLO au n°13 via Cavour.

17 Popula Parene Haria Carmela foots di Carto 23 May 1867

A56-1889-0146

And in the census of 1892 we learn that they were « partiti »

Mafaile Barone 4. Carle 4. fett 1852 24. Dic : 1884.

Partiti 23. May 1967.

According to the censuses they had therefore left between 1889 and 1892. Unfortunately there are no lists of passengers who disembarked in Marseilles. I called the Italian consulate and was told there was no archive.

So I started doing research to see if there were any births in Marseilles after 1889 and there I went from surprise to surprise:

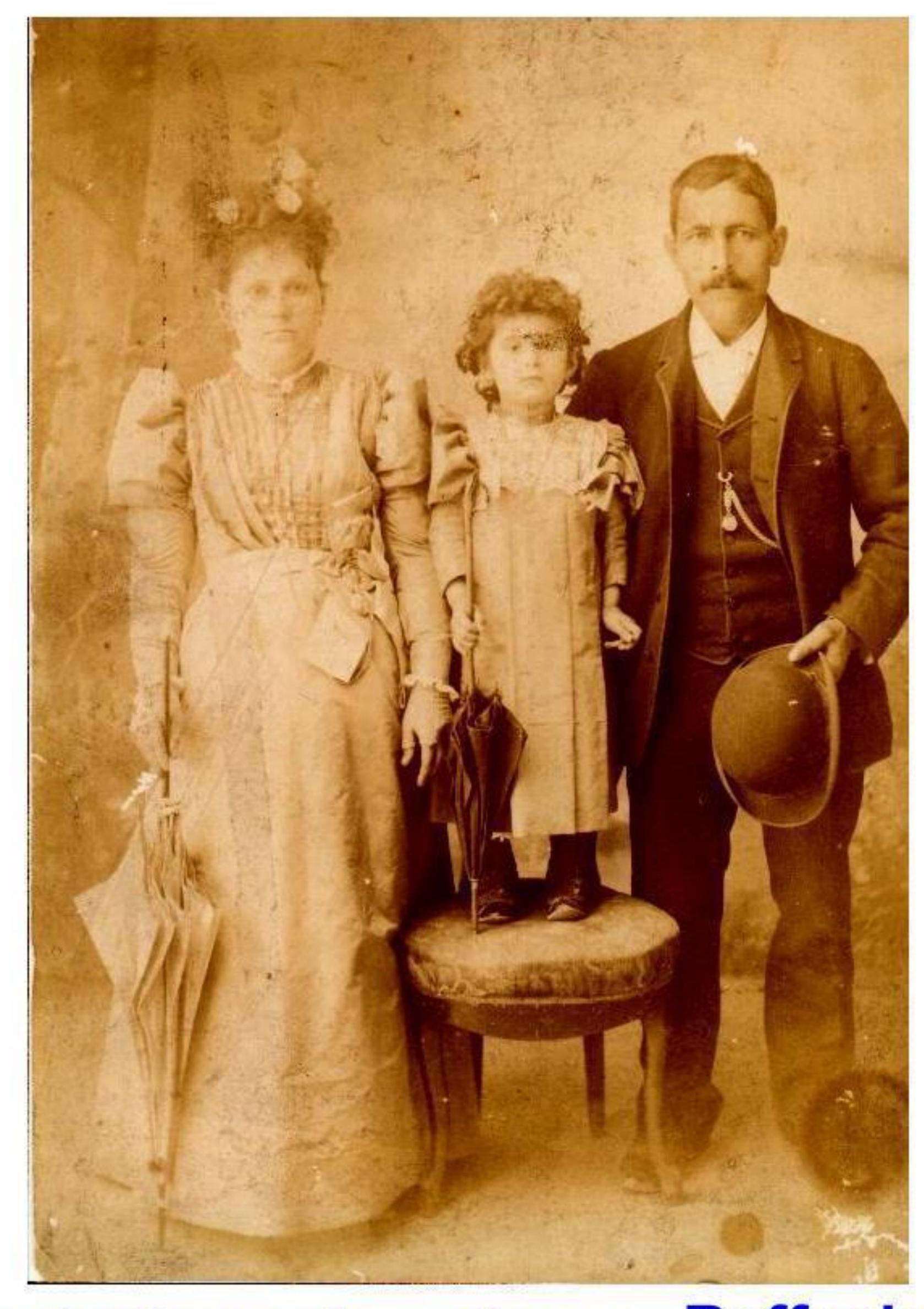
Birth		Death	Age
May 1891	Michel Nicolas Ange	september 1892	1
August 1893	Anna	march 1899	6
January 1895	stillborn child		
March 1896	Nicolas	april 1897	1
March 1898	Anastasie Vincente	february 1899	1
April 1900	Vincent François	septembre 1903	3
Mai 1902	Marie	september 1903	1
October 1904	Conception	january 1933	29
January 1907	François	March 2004	97!
Décember 1909	Marius	november 1911	2

That is 11 children including Maria Teresa born in Procida.

What did they die of? Disease certainly, epidemics were common at that time: measles, influenza, typhoid, smallpox, diphtheria.

#### With these information we could come to these conclusions

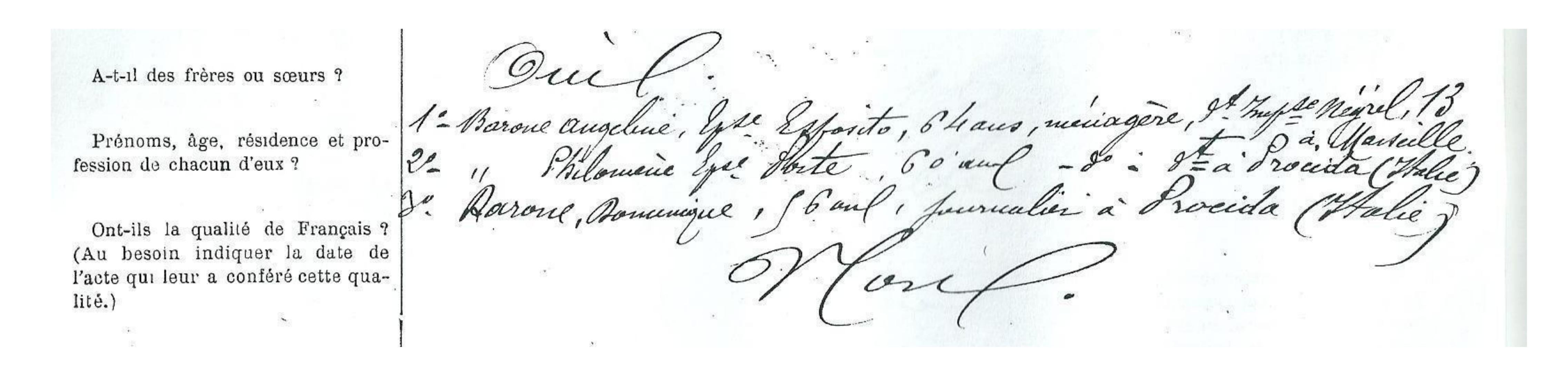
### Photo circa 1895



Maria Carmela Anna Raffaele



After our father passed away, I started researching and one of the first was the naturalization decree in 1909.



We learn something interesting about his older sister, Angelina, married to an Esposito, she lives in Marseille, 13 impasse Négrel. His other sister Filomena and his brother Domenico remained in Procida.

Thanks to the censuses in Marseilles we found the trace of his sister, she had come to Marseille several years before him. We find traces of the couple Nicolantonio Esposito x Angelina Barone in the 1876 census at 27 rue Négrel where my grandparents lived.

Our grandfather got married in 1884, his sister was already in Marseilles by that date. So when they came to Marseilles, they had to know where to go.

Birth certificate of their first child: May 26, 1891 at 27 rue Négrel:

L'An mil huit cent quatre-vingt-onze, et le Vingh-huih Mai à neuf heures trois que
ACTE DE NAISSANCE, de Michel Micolas ange Barone.
né à Marseille lavant hier, à quatre heures du soir, rue Mégrel, 3). fils de Raphaël Barone, agé de trente-sept ans, Marin labse ni à Procida, (Stalie), et de Marie Carmele Scotto di Cardo
me a Procisa, (Malie), et de Marie Carmele Scotto di Carlo
agée de Vingh-eing ans, journalière, maries, et d'emeurants dite mans
Le sexe de l'enfant présenté et reconnu Mas culin : Témoins sieurs Jean Scarrate, ay
et demonner ment ans, Manin. domicilié
de doiseante ans. l'aux la
Scarpati, ageir de d'une transcript de la déclaration faite par d'éseines ins
Constate par Nous, Faul Brefaired To
Adjoint au Maire de Marseille, délégué aux fonctions d'Officier de l'État-Civil, et lecture faite
Samperts, A

We knew that our grandfather was a sailor or a fisherman. The midwife is Theresine Scarpati: a name of Procida!

We would have liked to know, and would always like to know what kind of sailor he was. Research carried out in the archives in Toulon by Georges Brunier and in Paimpol by Henri Scotto di Vettimo yielded nothing. We have this document:

REGISTRE 1	RÉPUBLQUE FRANÇAISE  Départemnt des Bouches-du-Rhône	
	ARRONDISSEMENT DE NARSFILLE — COMMUNE DE MARSFILLE	
EXTRAIT	OU REGISTRE D'IMMATRICULATION  Application de la loi du 8 Août 1893	
En exécution de la loi présenté le sieur :	du 8 Août 1893, par de ant NOUS, Maire de la Commune de Marseill	e,
Nom et prénoms :  Lieu de naissance :	Tarone Bahnel	
Date de la naissance	Lement III	
Fils de Aux	Li Trocosa	
Marié ou veuf—  Marié à (1)	Edito Punt e Manne	
Enfants (2) 1 Tage	ne Ame Ferninis, Emois Bernet.	
3		
lequel nous a déclaré être a pour y exercer la profession	rrivé le dans cette commune de de (3)	ne,
Il a justifié de son ider l'appui de sa déclaration (4)	ntité, conformément aux dispositions de l'article 1° de la loi, en produisan	ıt à
I mare de		

This is the register of foreigners' registration, law of August 8, 1893:

DECLARATION DE RESIDENCE OBLIGATOIRE EN JUSTIFIANT DE SON IDENTITE A LA MAIRIE DANS UN DELAI DE 8 JOURS. REGISTRE D'IMMATRICULATION DES ETRANGERS DONT UN EXTRAIT SERA DELIVRE AU DECLARANT SOUS FORME DES ACTES DE L'ETAT-CIVIL.

EN CAS DE CHANGEMENT DE RESIDENCE,OBLIGATION DE FAIRE VISER LE CERTIFICAT D'IMMATRICULATION A LA MAIRIE DE LA NOUVELLE RESIDENCE DANS UN DELAI DE 2 JOURS.

TOUT EMPLOI D'ETRANGER NON MUNI DE CE CERTIFICAT SERA PUNI DE PEINES DE SIMPLE POLICE.

TOUT ETRANGER N'AYANT PAS FAIT DE DECLARATION DE RESIDENCE OU L'AYANT FALSIFIEE SERA PASSIBLE D'UNE AMENDE DE 100 A 300FRS OU D'INTERDICTION TEMPORAIRE OU INDEFINIE DU TERRITOIRE FRANCAIS.

PEINE D'EMPRISONNEMENT SUIVIE DE L'EXPULSION POUR L'ETRANGER ENTRE ILLEGALEMENT APRES SON INTERDICTION DE SEJOUR.

APPLICATION DE L'ART. 463 DU CODE PENAL.

At the bottom of the document we can read that he provided a passport and a merchant marine booklet, certainly issued in Italy that we have not found, nor his passport. And then, a year after my father, almost to the day, in 2005 our mother died.

And there, in an old tin box, in old papers, THE SURPRISE:

A passport issued on August 6, 1890 to Maria Carmela Scotto di Carlo, daughter of the late Francesco ...

Statura metri 1.60
Capelli cashagnin
Sopracciglia D
Occhi cernelei

93 arba
Segni particolari



Hegistro 3.	
Connotati	prega le Mutorità Civili e Militari di Mua Macesta
Età d'ami 23	e delle Loterize agriche ed elleate di lasciar liberamente passare
Statura metri 1. 60	
Capelli cashagui	
Sopracciglia To	cheva a Marsiglia her raggingere momarilo
Occhi cerulei	
· 93 arba	
Segni particolari	
Condizione Sitatrice	
	Il presente Lassagorto rilasciato a Sourioti
Hawa Trocida	il cinque Agoilof milleottocentorrovanta
	Pietro sulla vila Vel Osmilaco de Procida)
Domicilio Proceda	è valico per un anno.
)	Tev delegazione
Firma del latore	del Ministro per gli Affair Esteri
)	Jet Jose Ingestion

#### ... who teaches us

Ministro per gli Affari Esteril
prega le Autorità Civili e Militari di Sua Maestà
e delle Potenze amiche ed elleate di lasciar liberamente papare
la nominata Icolto/di/farlo/Maria/farmela/fu Transser
chi va a Maestiglia/furaggiungen marita

che va a Marsiglia per raggiungere suo marito!!!

Even without knowing Italian, we understand!

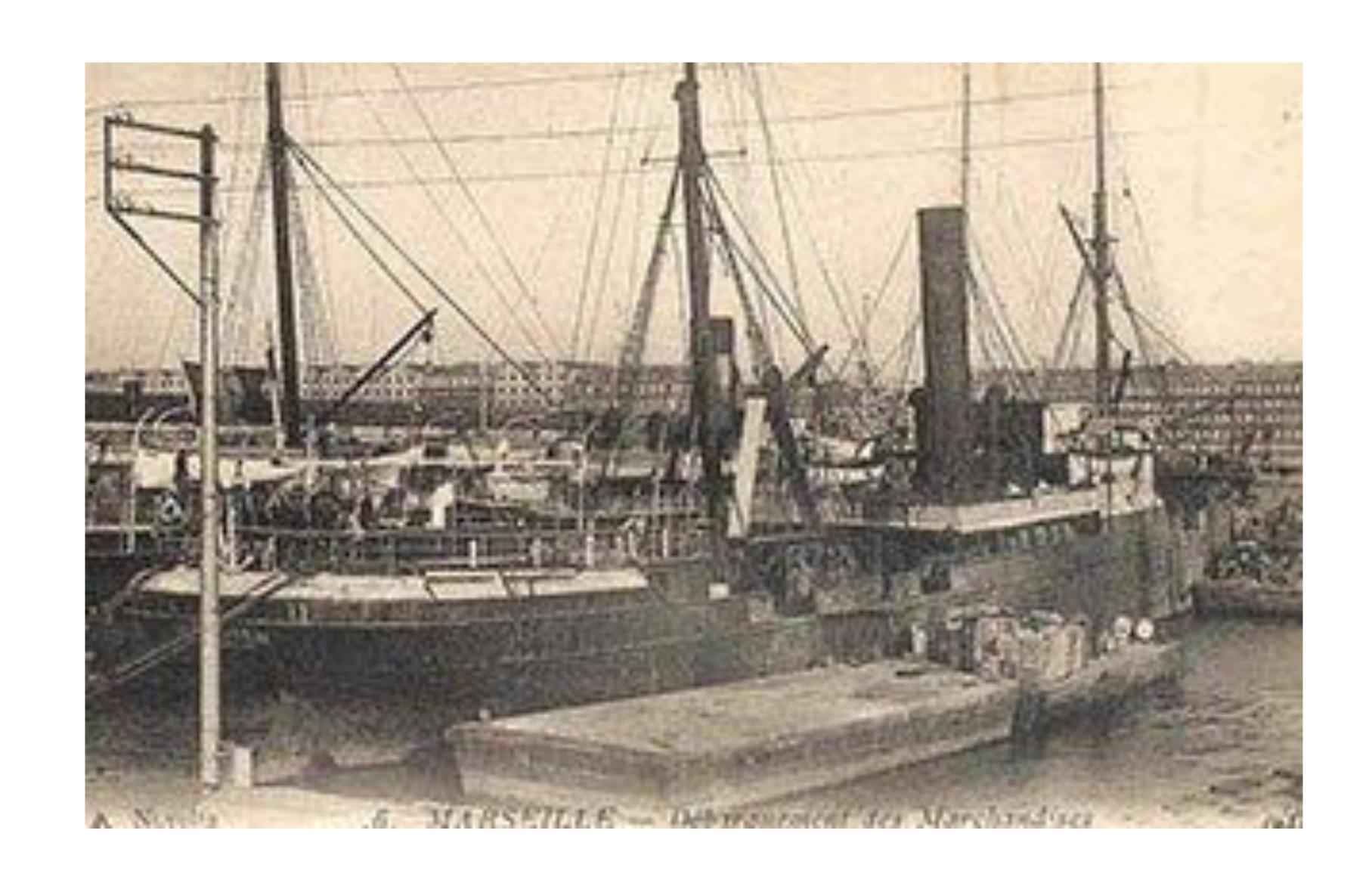
She never got sick on the ship that brought them to America!!!

This passport is dated August 6, 1890 and they had their first child on May 26, 1891 May 1891 - 9 months = September 1890

So she arrived between mid August and September 1890.
The newspaper the Semaphore publishes the movements of the port.
In this period we find the following list:

date	ship	number of passengers
August 13	Saint-Marc	96
August 20	Saint-Marc	135
August 28	Algérien	101
Sept. 1st	Franche-Comté	375
Sept. 5	Saint-Marc	86
Sept. 10	Marie-Louise	63
Sept. 13	Saint-Marc	75
Sept. 20	Saint-Marc	25
Sept. 24	Algérien	75

#### Our grandmother certainly came on one of these four steamers:



Algérien



Marie-Louise

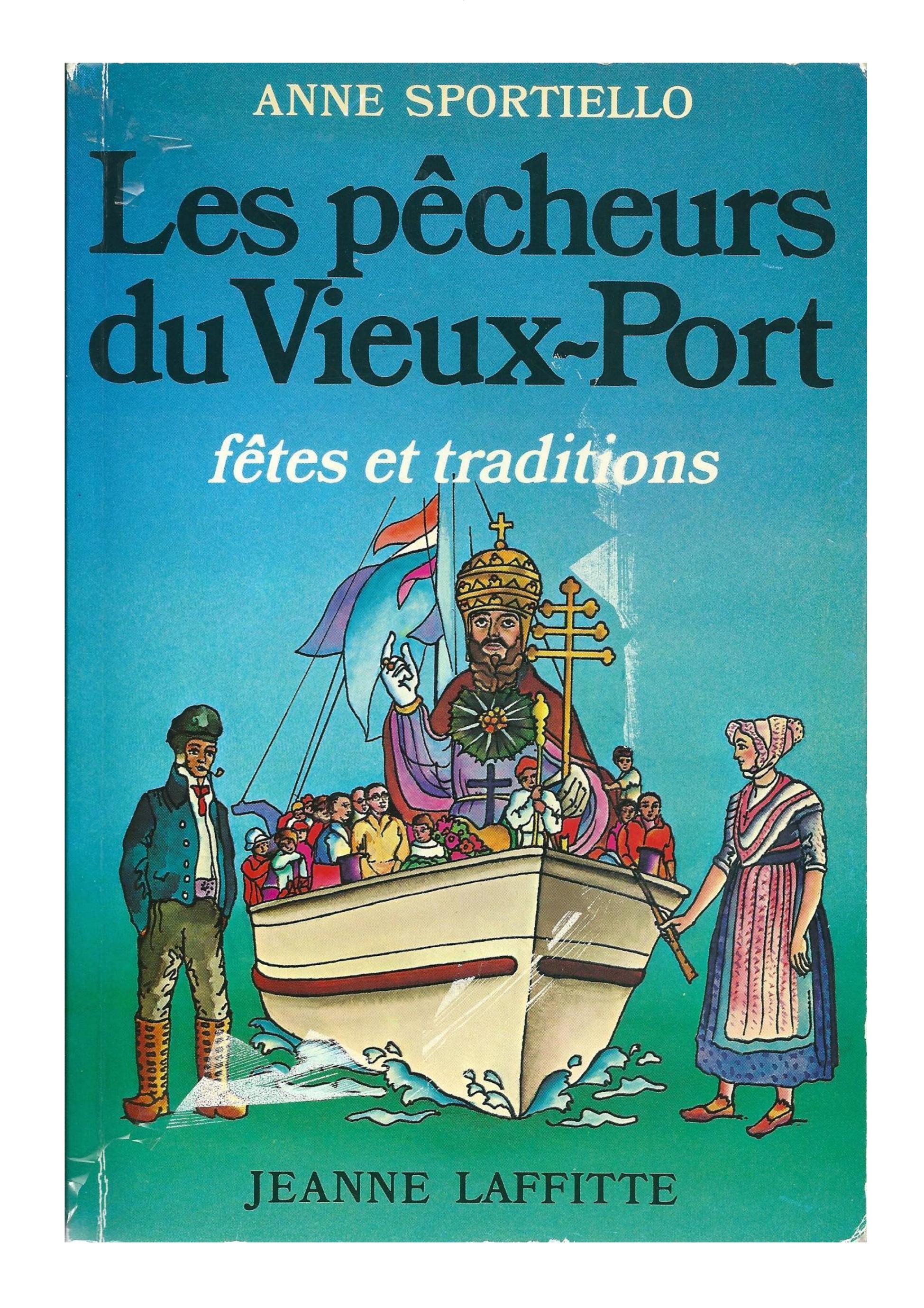


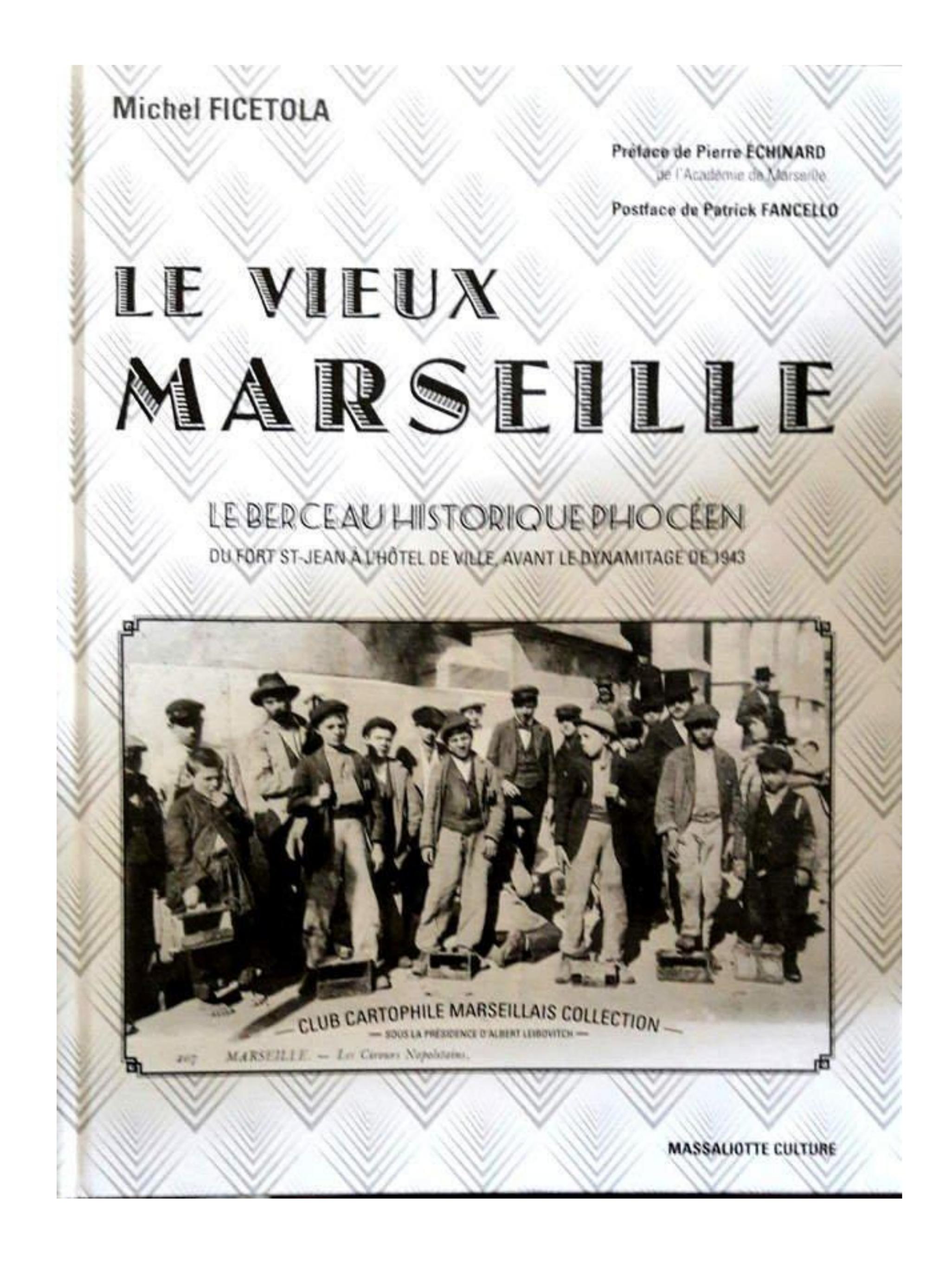
Franche-Comté



Saint-Marc

A few words about the Italians in Marseilles and the Old City. What will follow appears in the book of Anne Sportiello (who has ancestors in Ventotene, Ischia and Procida) and that of Michel Ficetola:





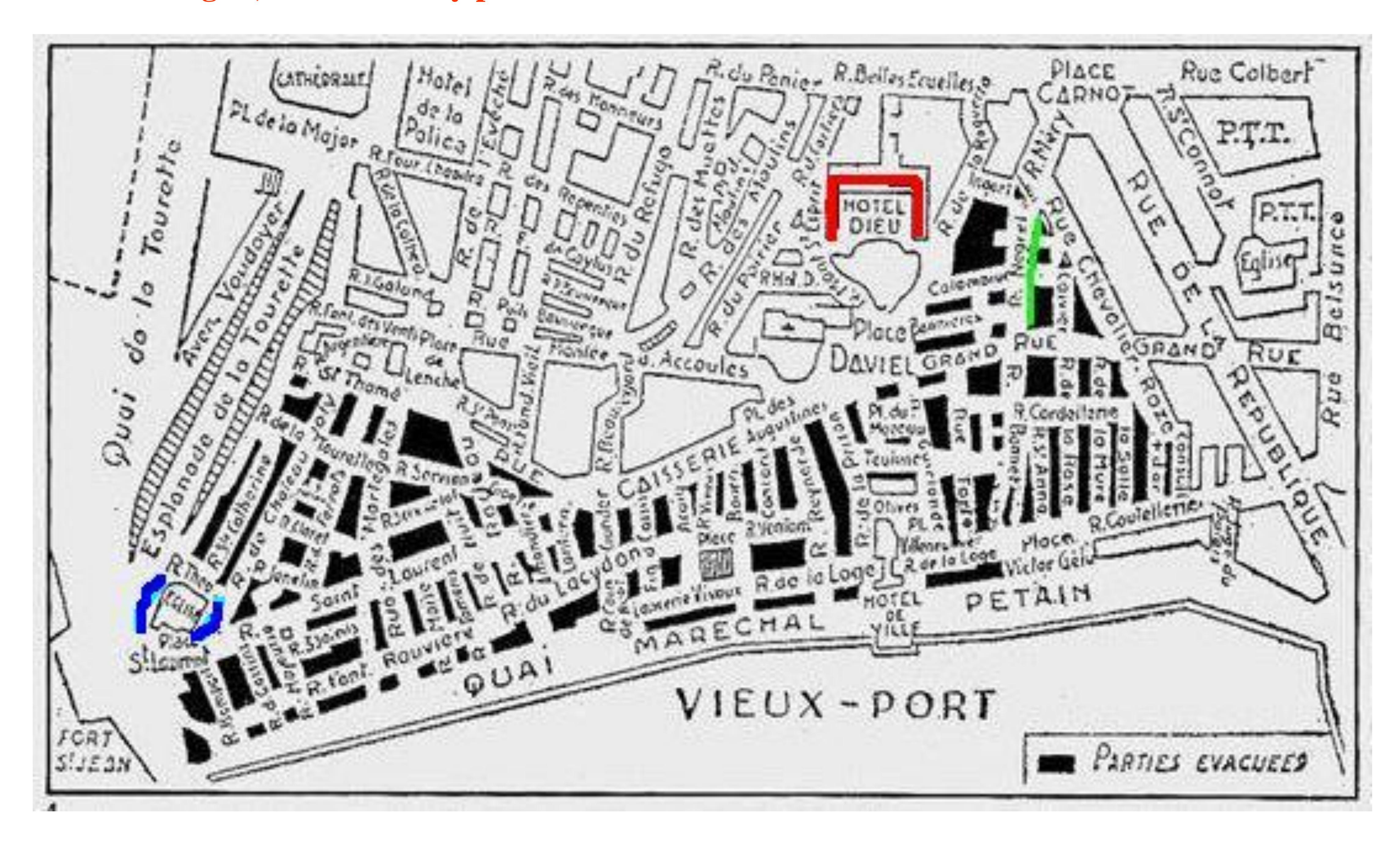
My parents must have had this passport forever, but they forgot it, had my father read it? It was a piece of paper that survived when my grandparents, then my parents, lived in the Vieux-Quartiers, of which the Panier district remains today.

These Vieux Quartiers were home to many immigrants, many of them Italians to such an extent that they took on the appearance of Little Naples with linen hanging out in the windows.





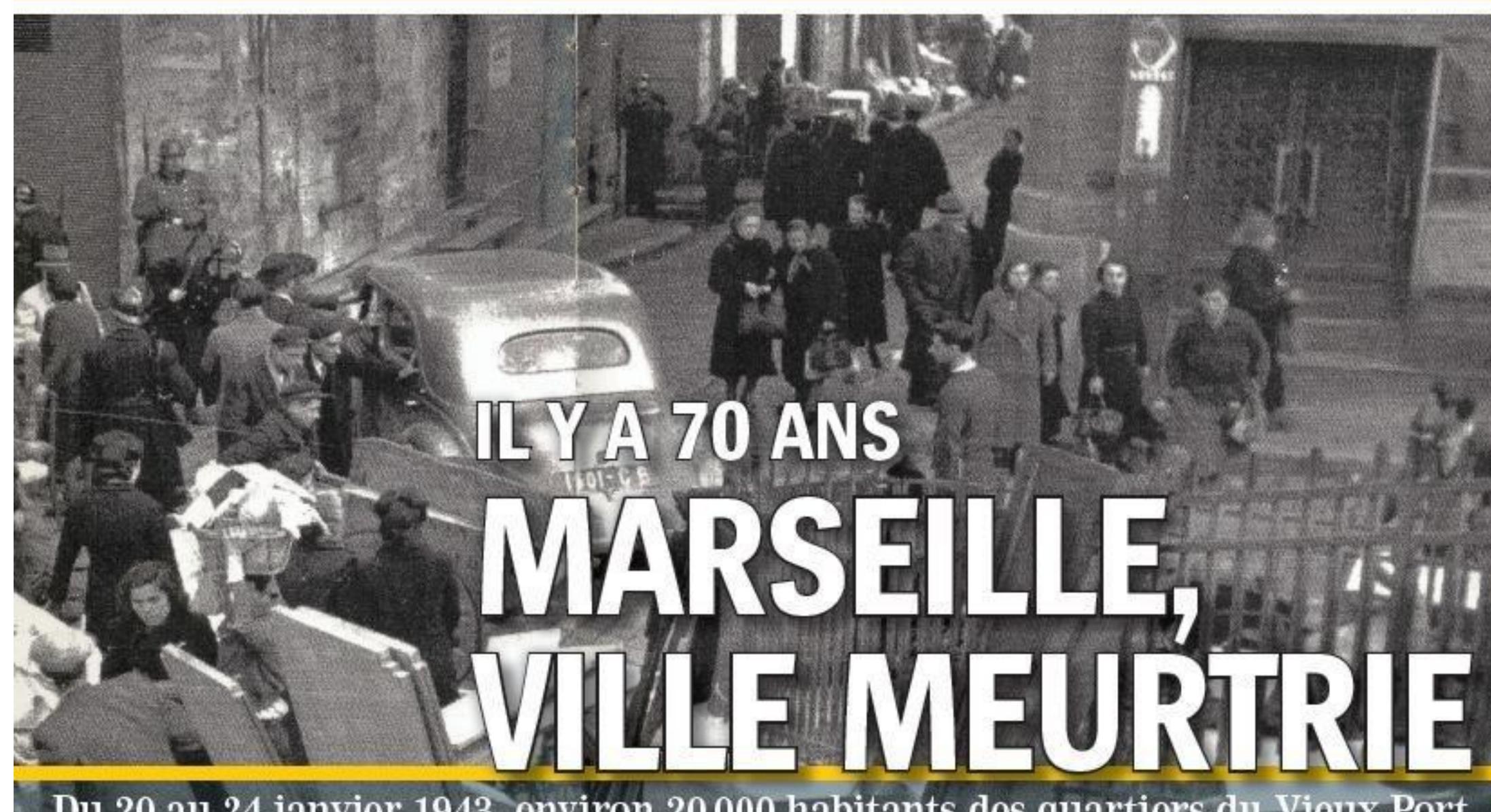
Here is a map of the Vieux Quartiers around 1900, my grandparents, then my parents lived in rue Négrel (in green). We see on this map the areas in black that were destroyed in 1943, the rue Négrel, was there. My parents were driven out.



#### I have put here some photos of this evacuation before the blasting of the Vieux Quartiers:

LUNDI 21 JANVIER 2013 - 1 € - N° 20677

www.lamarseillaise.fr



Du 20 au 24 janvier 1943, environ 20 000 habitants des quartiers du Vieux-Port étaient raflés par la police française sur ordre des nazis. Beaucoup ne reviendront jamais des camps.

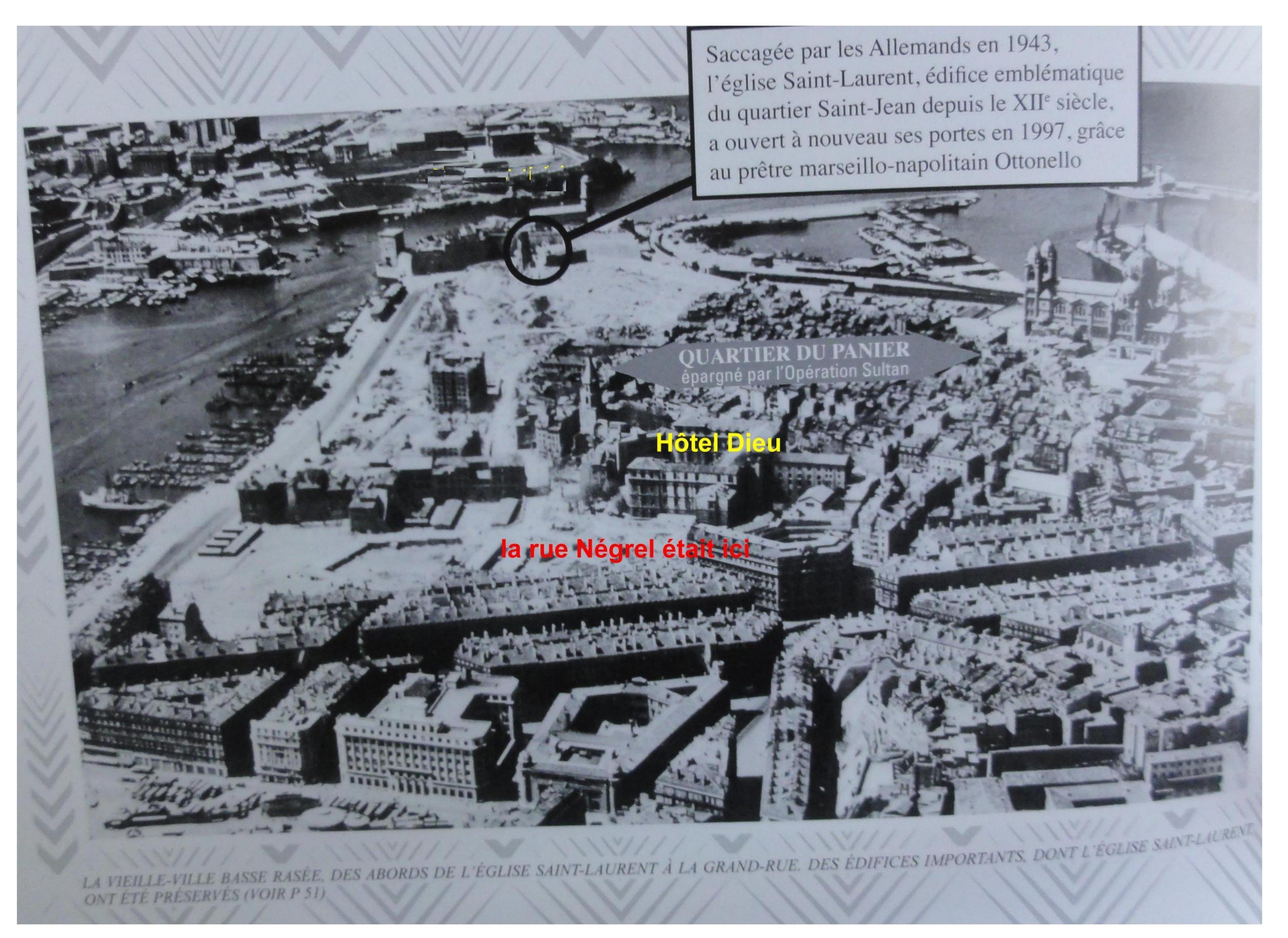


Bundesarchiv, Bild 1011-027-1477-04 Foto: Vennemann, Wolfgang | Januar 1943





### Aerial view after the destruction of the Vieux Quartiers:



After the Vieux Quartiers my parents moved to a street that was bombed in 1944 by the allies!

The house they lived in was destroyed. They lost many papers there, especially letters that my grandmother had received from America, from what my father told us.

Now we don't know what to think about these letters, was that true?



#### Italian immigration was important in Marseilles:

In 1872 they were 26,000

In 1906: 93000

In 1911: 97000

In 1930: 100 000

In 1900 the Italians represented about 20% of the Marseille population.

In 1906 in the first canton (Vieux Port, Hôtel de Ville) out of 20,000 inhabitants there were 13,000, nicknamed "Babis" ("toads" in Provençal), including 10,000 Neapolitans, called "Nabos" (deformation of the abbreviation "Napo", influenced by the noun" nabot ")

Integration was not always easy, yet in 1935 it was a child of the Vieux Quartiers, Henri Tasso, son of a day laborer from Salerno, who was elected mayor of Marseilles.

Some did not like the arrival of these Italians very much! It was already an electoral argument!

Here is an election poster in the Town Hall canton in 1894 where we can read:

Protest against the invasion of Italians who made our first constituency a suburb of Naples

### REPUBLIQUE FRANÇAISE ... Liberté, Egalité, Fraternité

### ELECTION LEGISLATIVE DU 18 FEVRIER 1894

### Comité de Concentration Républicaine Socialiste

DE LA 1" CIRCONSCRIPTION (Rue de l'Evéché)

#### ELECTEURS.

Il y a six mois le Comité de Concentration a parmusame socialisie vous engageait à voter pour le citoyen PEYTRAL; vous lui uvez donné raison. Aujourd'hui il vous

engage à voter en masse pour le citoyen CARNAUD.

En effet, nous plaçant sur le terrain de la vérité, nous ne pouvons plus longtemps engager nos amis à être dupes de certains politiciens qui s'occupent plus de leurs affaires personnelles que de celles du peuple. Il est temps que le député que vous enverrez au Palais Bourbon soit le député de vous tous au lieu de n'être que le député de quelques-uns. Assez de faveurs, assez d'inégalités devant l'impôt du sang; la loi et la justice égales pour tous ; en un mot, plus de pétites chapelles où trop souvent les intérêts généraux sont sacrifiés aux intérêts particulièrs.

Protestez contre l'envahissement des italiens qui ont fait de notre première circonscription un faubourg de Naples.

Soyez Marseillais avant tout, ne faites plus le jeu de ceux que vous voyez toujours à Phonneur alors que vous êtes, vous, toujours à la peine. Vengez Marseille! Vengez la le circonscription, faites votre devoir! Et was le ferez en votant pour le citoyen

Conseiller Général, ex-Instituteur Public Révoqué

POUR LE COMITÉ, LA COMMISSION EXECUTIVE :

CORNELLIER, Marius, employé ; DELRIEU, employé ; NIDLINI, ouvrier des ports ; U. QUILLER, menuisier ;
PROTES, ouvrier des ports ; TEISSIER, portefaix ; MANILUT, Hypolite, herboriste ; MANIVET, Jules, marchand de de membles ; SIFFREDY, débitant de boissons ; TOGNIET STRAL, Louis, sjusteur-mécanicien ; ESTIER, fabricant porteins : CANET, François, ouvrier des ports ; VETTE puvrier des ports ; BELLIEUD, navigateur ; BERNUS, porteiaiz ; CANET, François, ouvrier des ports ; VETTE, prehand de vins ; ALIBERT, Léon, négociant ; FABRE,

Vo La Guadidet M. CLAPINAUD.

Manualla -- Impriment Colubrate AUSIARD or Ch., 5 or 5, ran Character-Rose.

Another example: a card where the author writes to a friend: Sian plus à Marsillo sian à Naples

No need to know Provençal to understand what he was saying!



# Out of curiosity I did a search in the censuses of 1901 to see if there were Italians and more particularly from Procida in rue Négrel :



there are Mazzella

Scotto

Lotto-	Leonar	1		fi		
Teotto?	- The bearings	y		felt.		
Little?	Purcent	3	- 29	16		
Testo?	· Marie Louise	1	4	the	7-	
10.11					22	

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1	Pagano	Selastin.		-	-fore-	27	di
	Cardacei -	· Lyadini	23		15 mestigen	Carlenn	-5
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1	Fernan	Mari	te	.,	fishe.	Triguenn	me.
-1)	Fireary	- of Dr. "	0		15	911	

Pagano and Ferrara

Another Scotto married to a Lubrano named Lavadera!

Scotto	Vinicul	30	45	clad	Printer	
Eubrano	Lavabera.	2.2	d.c	Wanner.	P. P.	

# I did research at the Municipal Archives for some characteristic names of Procida like SCOTTO DI.... for the period 1904 - 1924:

	total number of acts	weddings
d'Abusco	9	4
d'Aniello	28	14
d'Antuono	1	
d'Apollonia	4	
d'Ardino	3	1
di Carlo	<b>54</b>	10
di Ciccariello	9	2
di Fasano	1	1
di Freca	15	2
di Galetta	1	
di Marrazzo	2	1
di Mase	17	2
di Minico	6	2
di Monaco	1	
di Perrotolo	29	9
di Perta	60	13
di Quacquaro	10	4
di Rinaldi	38	13
di Tella	5	1
di Uccio	37	10
di Vettimo	38	11
La Chianca	40	8
Lavina	3	1
Lo Baglivo	1	1

#### For other typical names:

Lubrano Lavadera: 36 ... 8
Lubrano di Scampamorte: 77 ... 20
Lubrano di Sbaraglione: 10 ... 3

Schiano di Colella: 37 ... 13
Schiano di Tagliacuollo: 17 ... 8
Schiano di Zenise: 10

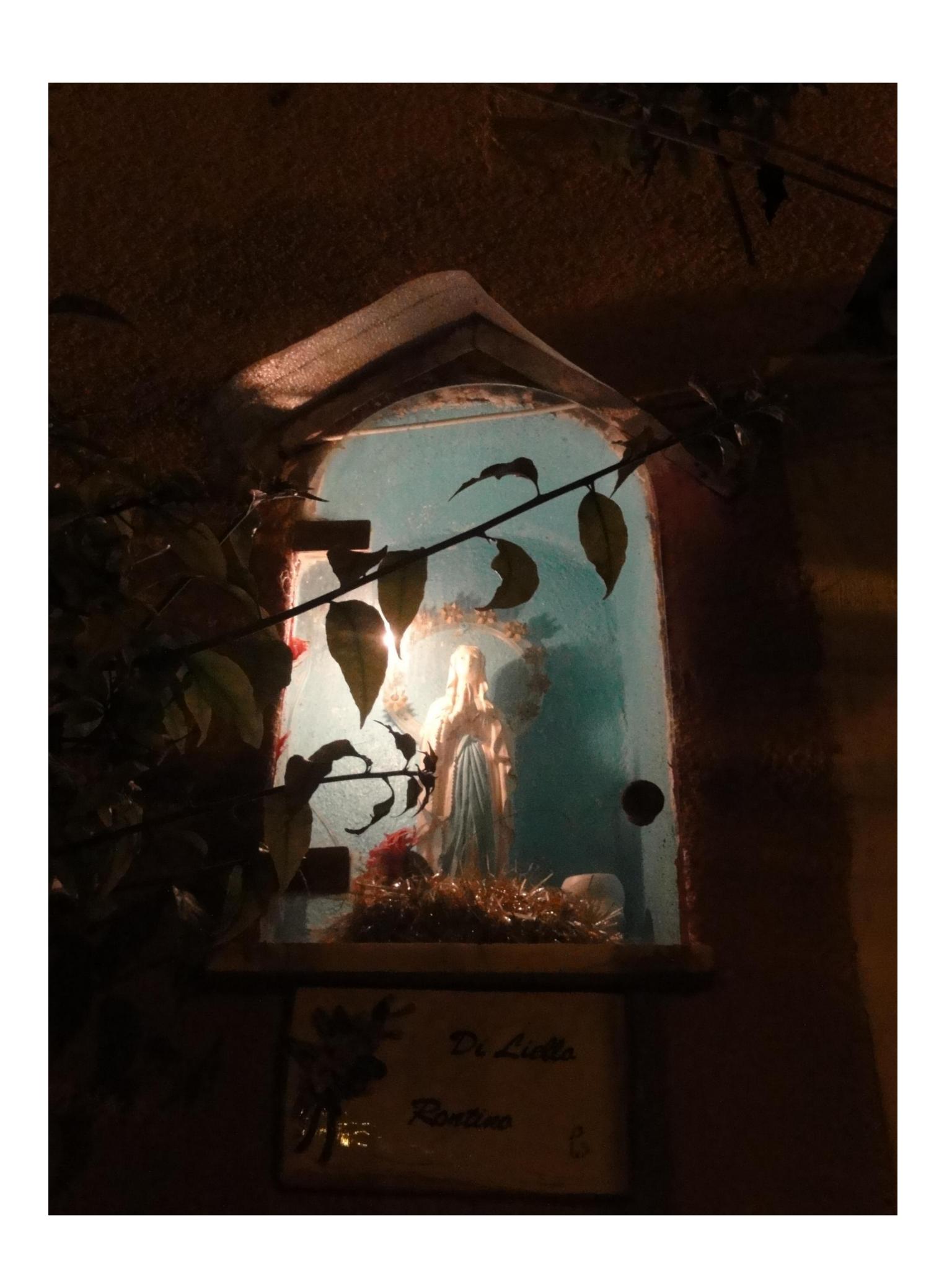
Schiano lo Curcio: 40 ... 14
Schiano di Mastrobiase: 5 ... 2
Schiano lo Moriello: 30 ... 10

Procida was well represented in Marseilles!

#### I noted a few passages in Anne Sportiello's book that I am copying here:

At the front of the boat was a small chapel. We usually put pious images or statuettes of the Virgin ... Italian fishermen displayed an image of their Patron Saint : St Michel, Saint-Léon ... In the homes there were similar chapels, but constantly lit by a night light.

Passage that made me think of what we still see today in Procida:



When they came to Marseilles, the Italian immigrants took with them their traditions, and for those of Procida, the feast of St Michael

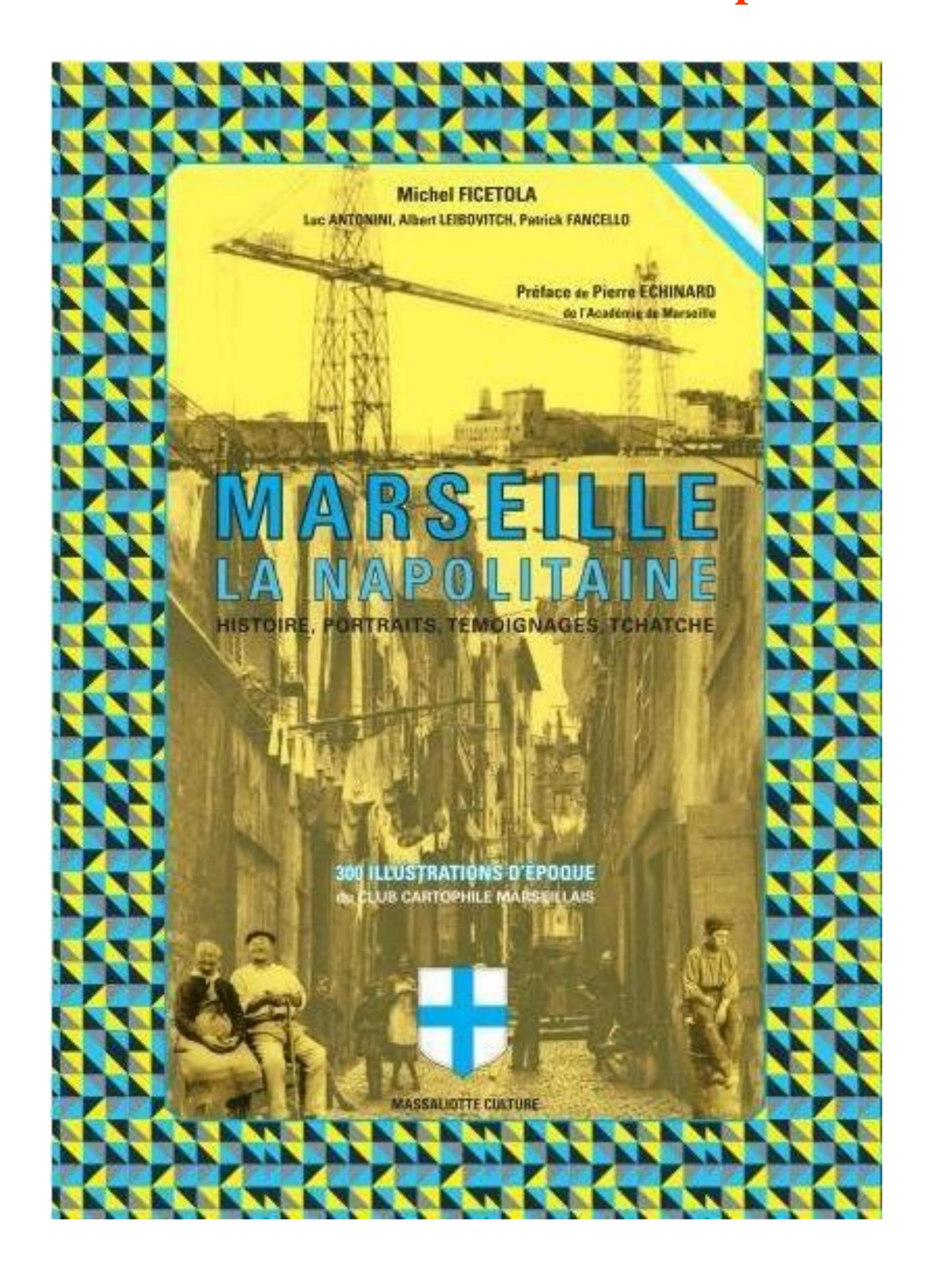
The Guarracino family, thanks to the support of the community of Procida, had made a statue of St Michael slaying the dragon.

This procession continued until 1977.

This statue is kept in the reserve of the Church of the Accoules, it can be seen on request.



I will end by quoting some Marseilles personalities with ancestors in Ischia and Procida (information taken from Michel Ficetola Marseille la Napolitaine's book):



There is of course the musician Vincent Scotto that everyone knows

Maryline Vigouroux (wife of Robert Vigouroux former mayor of Marseilles)

descendant of the couple Procolo Abbate x Maddalena Schiano Lomoriello

Robert Assante municipal councilor

Jean-Claude Bianco, fisherman who recovered Antoine de St Exupery's curb chain Philippe Carrese, novelist and director of the TV series *Plus belle le vie*, descended from the couple Luigi Scotto di Rinaldi et Margarita Mazzella di Bosco

Franck Pourcel, conductor, descended from the couple Domenico Esposito x Lucia Carmela Refuto

Philippe Fragione (Akhenaton of the IAM group) his grandmother: Immacolata Scotti d'Ischia

Michel Lubrano di Sbaraglione, fisherman, on the Vieux Port, a local personality Serge Scotto, from family Scotto di Rinaldi, novelist, known for his chronicles with his dog Saucisse, he is currently adapting Marcel Pagnol's novels into comics.

And in the years 50-60 there was a famous shellfish merchant by the name of Barone, he was from Procida, but not from our family.

Regarding the Vieux Quartiers of Marseilles we can see an excellent documentary on youtube.

To find it type:

# La petite Naples Marseillaise



Raffaele BARONE
1852 - 1929



Maria Carmela SCOTTO di CARLO 1867 - 1935